CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6892

Chapter 2, Laws of 2010

61st Legislature 2010 2nd Special Session

DELINQUENT TAXES--PENALTIES--TEMPORARY WAIVER PROGRAM

EFFECTIVE DATE: 02/01/11

Passed by the Senate December 11, 2010 YEAS 38 NAYS 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Passed by the House December 11, 2010 YEAS 93 NAYS 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved December 11, 2010, 4:51 p.m.

CERTIFICATE

I, Thomas Hoemann, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6892** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

THOMAS HOEMANN

Secretary

FILED

December 13, 2010

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6892

Passed Legislature - 2010 2nd Special Session

State of Washington 61st Leg

61st Legislature 2010 2nd Special Session

By Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senator Murray; by request of Department of Revenue)

READ FIRST TIME 12/11/10.

10

1112

13

AN ACT Relating to establishing a temporary penalty and interest waiver program for certain penalties and interest on delinquent state and local sales and use taxes, state business and occupation taxes, and state public utility taxes; reenacting and amending RCW 82.32.080; adding a new section to chapter 82.32 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 82.32 RCW 9 to read as follows:
 - (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (4) and (5) of this section, the department must waive all penalties and interest otherwise due under this chapter and that are unpaid as of the effective date of this section, if all of the following circumstances are met:
- (a) The penalties and interest are imposed with respect to: (i)

 State business and occupation tax, state public utility tax, state or

 local sales tax, or state or local use tax; and (ii) tax liability that

 first became due to the department before February 1, 2011, which

 includes taxes billed to the taxpayer, or disclosed by the taxpayer to

the department, on or after February 1, 2011, but that were required by this chapter to have been reported and paid by the taxpayer before February 1, 2011;

- (b) The taxpayer must file with the department no later than April 18, 2011: (i) All outstanding tax returns for the taxes specified in (a)(i) of this subsection (1); and (ii) any amended returns covering tax liabilities with respect to which a penalty and interest waiver under this section is requested;
- (c) Before May 1, 2011, the taxpayer must remit full payment to the department of the balance due on all tax liabilities for which a penalty and interest waiver under this section is requested. If a waiver is requested for penalties or interest associated with an invoice that has been billed to the taxpayer, the taxpayer must remit full payment to the department of the entire balance due on that invoice other than any penalty and interest eligible for waiver under this section, even if the invoice includes taxes not specified in (a)(i) of this subsection (1). If the invoice is a tax warrant, the taxpayer must also remit full payment to the department of any filing or other fees added to the tax warrant, including the filing fees provided in RCW 36.18.012 (2) and (10), the fee imposed in RCW 36.18.016(4), and the surcharge imposed in RCW 40.14.027;
- (d) The taxpayer must file and pay in full by the due date all tax returns that become due after January 31, 2011, and before May 1, 2011, for all taxes administered by the department under this chapter;
 - (e) No later than April 18, 2011, the department must receive a completed application for penalty and interest waiver under this section in a form and manner prescribed by the department;
 - (f) The taxpayer must never have had an evasion penalty assessed against the taxpayer by the department under RCW 82.32.090 or a penalty assessed against the taxpayer by the department under RCW 82.32.291 for misusing a reseller permit or resale certificate; and
 - (g) The taxpayer must never have been a defendant in a criminal prosecution related to an offense involving the failure to collect or pay the proper amount of any tax administered by the department under this chapter.
- 36 (2) Taxpayers receiving penalty or interest relief under this 37 section may not seek a refund, or otherwise challenge the amount, of 38 any tax liability paid as required by subsection (1)(c) of this

45

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

33

- section. This subsection (2) applies to refund requests or appeals filed directly with the department and to proceedings brought in any court or administrative tribunal.
- (3) All tax liability reported and paid as required in subsection (1)(b), (c) and (d) of this section is subject to verification by the department as provided in RCW 82.32.050. This section does not preclude the assessment of taxes, penalties, and interest with respect to any amounts determined by the department to have been underpaid for any tax period for which the taxpayer previously received penalty or interest relief under this section.
- (4) This section does not authorize the department to waive the evasion penalty currently authorized by RCW 82.32.090(7) or the penalty currently authorized by RCW 82.32.291 for misusing a reseller permit or resale certificate.
- (5) If taxpayers are current for tax returns due as of November 25, 2010, tax liability that accrues after that date would not qualify under this section.
 - (6) Nothing in this section may be construed as requiring a taxpayer to have first paid any penalty or interest for which a waiver is sought under this section.
 - (7) Solely for purposes of determining whether a taxpayer qualifies for a waiver of penalties or interest under this section with respect to a balance owing as of the effective date of this section on any invoice issued by the department, any payments made to the department on that taxpayer's account before May 1, 2011, are deemed to have been applied first to any of the taxes specified in subsection (1)(a)(i) of this section, then to any other taxes, and then to penalties or interest, if such payments were applied either:
 - (a) To that invoice; or

1 2

3

4 5

6 7

8

10

11

1213

14

15 16

17

18 19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

- 30 (b) Against any liability reflected in that invoice before that invoice was issued by the department.
- 32 (8) A taxpayer in a bankruptcy proceeding is ineligible for relief 33 under this section to the extent that the payment of any tax debt by 34 the taxpayer to the department as required under this section violates 35 the federal bankruptcy code.
- 36 Sec. 2. RCW 82.32.080 and 2010 c 106 s 226 and 2010 c 111 s 304 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

- (1) When authorized by the department, payment of the tax may be made by uncertified check under such rules as the department prescribes, but, if a check so received is not paid by the bank on which it is drawn, the taxpayer, by whom such check is tendered, will remain liable for payment of the tax and for all legal penalties and interest, the same as if such check had not been tendered.
- (2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, payment of the tax must be made by electronic funds transfer, as defined in RCW 82.32.085, if the taxpayer is required to file and remit its taxes on a monthly basis. As an alternative to electronic funds transfer, the department may authorize other forms of electronic payment, such as credit card and e-check. All taxes administered by this chapter are subject to this requirement except the taxes authorized by chapters 82.14A, 82.14B, 82.24, 82.29A, and 84.33 RCW. It is the intent of this subsection to require electronic payment for those taxes reported on the department's combined excise tax return or any successor return. The mandatory electronic payment requirement in this subsection also applies to taxpayers who: (i) Are subject to the tax imposed in RCW 82.04.257 but for whom the department has authorized a tax reporting frequency that is less frequent than monthly; or (ii) meet the threshold for filing and remitting taxes on a monthly basis as established by rule of the department but for whom the department has authorized a less frequent reporting frequency, when such authorization became effective on or after July 26, 2009.
- (b) The department, for good cause, may waive the electronic payment requirement in this subsection for any taxpayer. In the discretion of the department, a waiver under this subsection may be made temporary or permanent, and may be made on the department's own motion.
- (c) The department is authorized to accept payment of taxes by electronic funds transfer or other acceptable forms of electronic payment from taxpayers that are not subject to the mandatory electronic payment requirements in this subsection.
- (3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, returns must be filed electronically using the department's online tax filing service, if the taxpayer is required to file and remit its taxes on a monthly basis. The mandatory electronic filing requirement in this subsection also applies to taxpayers who: (i) Are subject to the tax

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

25

2627

2829

30

3132

33

34

35

3637

imposed in RCW 82.04.257 but for whom the department has authorized a tax reporting frequency that is less frequent than monthly; or (ii) meet the threshold for filing and remitting taxes on a monthly basis as established by rule of the department but for whom the department has authorized a less frequent reporting frequency, when such authorization became effective on or after July 26, 2009.

- (b) The department, for good cause, may waive the electronic filing requirement in this subsection for any taxpayer. In the discretion of the department, a waiver under this subsection may be made temporary or permanent, and may be made on the department's own motion.
- (c) The department is authorized to allow electronic filing of returns from taxpayers that are not subject to the mandatory electronic filing requirements in this subsection.
- (4)(a)(i) The department, for good cause shown, may extend the time for making and filing any return, and may grant such reasonable additional time within which to make and file returns as it may deem proper, but any permanent extension granting the taxpayer a reporting date without penalty more than ten days beyond the due date, and any extension in excess of thirty days must be conditional on deposit with the department of an amount to be determined by the department which is approximately equal to the estimated tax liability for the reporting period or periods for which the extension is granted. In the case of a permanent extension or a temporary extension of more than thirty days the deposit must be deposited within the state treasury with other tax funds and a credit recorded to the taxpayer's account which may be applied to taxpayer's liability upon cancellation of the permanent extension or upon reporting of the tax liability where an extension of more than thirty days has been granted.
- (ii) The department must review the requirement for deposit at least annually and may require a change in the amount of the deposit required when it believes that such amount does not approximate the tax liability for the reporting period or periods for which the extension is granted.
- (b) During a state of emergency declared under RCW 43.06.010(12), the department, on its own motion or at the request of any taxpayer affected by the emergency, may extend the time for making or filing any return as the department deems proper. The department may not require

p. 5

SSB 6892.SL

any deposit as a condition for granting an extension under this subsection (4)(b).

- (5) The department must keep full and accurate records of all funds received and disbursed by it. Subject to the provisions of RCW 82.32.105, section 1 of this act, and 82.32.350, the department must apply the payment of the taxpayer first against penalties and interest, and then upon the tax, without regard to any direction of the taxpayer.
- (6) The department may refuse to accept any return that is not accompanied by a remittance of the tax shown to be due thereon or that is not filed electronically as required in this section. When such return is not accepted, the taxpayer is deemed to have failed or refused to file a return and is subject to the procedures provided in RCW 82.32.100 and to the penalties provided in RCW 82.32.090. The above authority to refuse to accept a return may not apply when a return is timely filed electronically and a timely payment has been made by electronic funds transfer or other form of electronic payment as authorized by the department.
- (7) Except for returns and remittances required to be transmitted to the department electronically under this section and except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a return or remittance that is transmitted to the department by United States mail is deemed filed or received on the date shown by the post office cancellation mark stamped upon the envelope containing it. A return or remittance that is transmitted to the department electronically is deemed filed or received according to procedures set forth by the department.
- (8)(a) For purposes of subsections (2) and (3) of this section, "good cause" means the inability of a taxpayer to comply with the requirements of subsection (2) or (3) of this section because:
- (i) The taxpayer does not have the equipment or software necessary to enable the taxpayer to comply with subsection (2) or (3) of this section;
- (ii) The equipment or software necessary to enable the taxpayer to comply with subsection (2) or (3) of this section is not functioning properly;
- 35 (iii) The taxpayer does not have access to the internet using the 36 taxpayer's own equipment;
 - (iv) The taxpayer does not have a bank account or a credit card;

1 (v) The taxpayer's bank is unable to send or receive electronic 2 funds transfer transactions; or

3

4

5

- (vi) Some other circumstance or condition exists that, in the department's judgment, prevents the taxpayer from complying with the requirements of subsection (2) or (3) of this section.
- 6 (b) "Good cause" also includes any circumstance that, in the
 7 department's judgment, supports the efficient or effective
 8 administration of the tax laws of this state, including providing
 9 relief from the requirements of subsection (2) or (3) of this section
 10 to any taxpayer that is voluntarily collecting and remitting this
 11 state's sales or use taxes on sales to Washington customers but has no
 12 legal requirement to be registered with the department.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect February 1, 2011.

Passed by the Senate December 11, 2010. Passed by the House December 11, 2010. Approved by the Governor December 11, 2010. Filed in Office of Secretary of State December 13, 2010.